Case Study Criteria

Distinction	80% or over	OUTSTANDING	Exceptional understanding of theory and practice links. Superior clinical judgment and reflective practice. Makes individual contribution.
	70-79%	EXCELLENT	Sophisticated understanding of theory and practice links. Highly developed clinical judgment and reflective practice. Evidence of independent thought.
Merit	65-69%	VERY GOOD	Very good understanding of theory and practice links. Well-developed clinical judgment and reflective practice. Evidence of clinical initiative.
Pass	58-64%	GOOD	Good understanding of theory and practice links. Thoughtful clinical judgment and reflective practice. Some evidence of clinical initiative.
	50-57%	ACCEPTABLE	Acceptable understanding of theory and practice links. Acceptable clinical judgment. Some evidence of clinical initiative and reflective practice.
Fail	Under 50%	POOR	Absence or misunderstanding of theory and practice links. Poor clinical judgment. Little or no evidence of clinical initiative and reflective practice. Possibly not recognisable as CBT.

CONFIDENTIALITY: Breaking confidentiality by revealing details that allow the patient to be identified may result in an automatic fail

(Note: these marks are provisional and subject to final approval by the Exam Board)

Marking considerations	Mark	
Presentation (5marks)		
Title page		
Contents page		
Writing style		
Spelling and use of grammar		
Addresses question set		
 Evidence of the ability to structure the assignment (including appropriate headings, logical progression throughout the text, giving appropriate weight to each section) 		
 The accuracy of reference citation within the main text and the reference list 		

Introduction / Literature Review (15marks)

- Review relevant to clinical presentation (including reference to diagnostic criteria, aetiology, prevalence, prognosis etc.)
- Appropriate range of references
- Description of CBT theories and concepts as relevant to the focus of the case study
- Reference to key primary within the relevant literature, with particular regard to the evidence base for the use of CBT
- Clear description of the above, evidencing an understanding of the key theoretical concepts
- Analysis of the applicability of the above to 'real world' clinical settings
- Evidence of an ability to critique the theory, research, and evidence base, offering both positive and negative constructive criticism
- Original ideas about the utility of the relevant theory and/or its future development

Case Presentation (10 marks)

- Brief introduction to the client (including referral details)
- Presenting problem(s)
- History of problem development and attempts to cope (both positive and negative) presented logically
- Previous interventions outlined
- Risk assessed
- Suitability for CBT considered
- Outcome measures: referenced with a rationale for their use.
- Outcome data for patient: summarised and related to norms and/or caseness.

Formulation (20 marks)

- Specific theory-based cognitive model used as framework for conceptualisation, including:
 - Maintenance cycles (links between elements clarified and appropriate emphasis given to role of cognitive elements)
 - Triggers/critical incidents
 - Underlying core beliefs/assumptions
 - Experiences that have contributed to/reinforced the above
- Diagrams/flowcharts
- Missing, or as yet unclear data identified
- Hypotheses about originating and maintaining factors clear
- Explanation of the particular formulation models being used, and the rationale for this (theoretical and clinical)
- Descriptive prose, which should include information on any limitations of the formulation (perhaps identifying uncertainty about particular information, or missing information, or the relationships between various factors)
- Information on the formulation process itself (how the client responded)
- Reference to how the formulation evolves throughout the course of therapy

Treatment Plan & Intervention (25 marks)

- Aims of therapy with a rationale linking theory with practice
- SMART goals which relate to the formulation and are reviewed throughout therapy
- Information on the intervention carried out, including:
 - Description of cognitive-behavioural methods used (verbal, behavioural, imaginal, other)
 with a rationale for using particular strategies
 - o Clear details of how the intervention links with the formulation
- Descriptive prose, describing how the therapy actually progressed (including client response, interpersonal process, any challenges that arose, and how they were negotiated)
- Relapse management planning
- Blueprint

When therapy is incomplete:

- Detailed and justified plans for future sessions which should include:
 - o Reference to the formulation and to pertinent literature
 - o Identification of potential obstacles and solutions
 - Hypothesised outcome, if appropriate

Outcome (10 marks)

- The results of therapy (to date) including:
 - o Progress toward identified goals
 - o Outcome data (either tabulated, graphed) with brief descriptive prose
 - Critical analysis of the outcome data and patient progress
- Outstanding issues (relating to the aims of therapy) and plans for future therapy, or other interventions, unless these have already been addressed in the Intervention section

Reflective analysis (15 marks)

- A critique of the successes and/or challenges (including factors within the client, the therapist, CBT itself, or other concurrent interventions)
- What, if anything, they would do differently with hindsight or will now do differently in the future
- What the therapist learned from this case, including for example:
 - What they learned about the theory and the existing literature from the application of CBT in this case
 - What they learned about interpersonal process in therapy, and any relevant personal learning/development
- How clinical supervision was used throughout the therapy process

TOTAL (%)